S JS 44 (Rev. 12/07) (cand rev 1-16-08) The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON PAGE TWO OF THE FORM.) **DEFENDANTS PLAINTIFFS** City of Redwood City, et. al. Douglas Burns County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff San Mateo (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE LAND INVOLVED. Attorneys (If Known) (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Michael J. Haddad and Julia Sherwin **HADDAD & SHERWIN** 505 Seventeenth Street Oakland, CA 94612; Tel: (510) 452-5500 III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only) (For Diversity Cases Only) and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF PTF Federal Question U.S. Government Citizen of This State Incorporated or Principal Place X **1** 4 (U.S. Government Not a Party) of Business In This State Plaintiff Citizen of Another State 2 2 Incorporated and Principal Place U.S. Government Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) Defendant of Business In Another State 3 Foreign Nation Citizen or Subject of a \square 6 \square 6 Foreign Country IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only) FORFEITURE/PENALTY BANKRUPTCY CONTRACT TORTS OTHER STATUTES 610 Agriculture PERSONAL INJURY PERSONAL INJURY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 400 State Reapportionment 110 Insurance 120 Marine 3620 Other Food & Drug 423 Withdrawal 410 Antitrust 1310 Airplane 362 Personal Injury 130 Miller Act Med. Malpractice 625 Drug Related Seizure 28 USC 157 430 Banks and Banking 1315 Airplane Product of Property 21 USC 881 140 Negotiable Instrument 450 Commerce Personal Injury --Liability 150 Recovery of Overpayment Product Liability 3630 Liquor Laws 460 Deportation 7320 Assault, Libel & PROPERTY RIGHTS 640 R.R. & Truck 470 Racketeer Influenced and & Enforcement of Judgment 368 Asbestos Personal Slander 3820 Copyrights 151 Medicare Act Injury Product 650 Airline Regs. Corrupt Organizations 330 Federal Employers' 1830 Patent 152 Recovery of Defaulted 660 Occupational 1480 Consumer Credit Liability Liability 7840 Trademark 490 Cable/Sat TV Student Loans Safety/Health 340 Marine PERSONAL PROPERTY 7690 Other (Excl. Veterans) 1810 Selective Service 345 Marine Product 370 Other Fraud 7850 Securities/Commodities/ 153 Recovery of Overpayment Liability 371 Truth in Lending LABOR SOCIAL SECURITY of Veteran's Benefits]350 Motor Vehicle Exchange 380 Other Personal ■875 Customer Challenge 160 Stockholders' Suits 361 HIA (1395ff) 355 Motor Vehicle 710 Fair Labor Standards Property Damage 12 USC 3410 190 Other Contract Product Liability 362 Black Lung (923) 385 Property Damage 890 Other Statutory Actions 363 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 195 Contract Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 720 Labor/Mgmt, Relations Product Liability 891 Agricultural Acts 196 Franchise 730 Labor/Mgmt.Reporting 7864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) PRISONER 392 Economic Stabilization Act & Disclosure Act REAL PROPERTY **CIVIL RIGHTS** 393 Environmental Matters **PETITIONS** 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 3894 Energy Allocation Act 210 Land Condemnation 3441 Voting 310 Motions to Vacate 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. 395 Freedom of Information 220 Foreclosure 442 Employment Sentence FEDERAL TAX SUITS Act Security Act 443 Housing/ Habeas Corpus: 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 3900Appeal of Fee 370 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff 240 Torts to Land Accommodations 330 General Determination or Defendant) 245 Tort Product Liability 1444 Welfare 535 Death Penalty Under Equal Access IRS-Third Party 290 All Other Real Property 1445 Amer. w/Disabilities 1540 Mandamus & Other **IMMIGRATION** to Justice 26 USC 7609 Employment 550 Civil Rights 462 Naturalization Application 350 Constitutionality of 7 555 Prison Condition Amer Other 463 Habeas Corpus State Statutes Alien Detainee ¥1440 Other Civil Rights 465 Other Immigration Actions **ORIGIN** Place an "X" in One Box Only) Transferred from Appeal to District I Original ☐ 7 Judge from ☐ 4 Reinstated or 5 another district ☐ 6 Multidistrict 7 2 Removed from 3 Remanded from Proceeding State Court Appellate Court Reopened (specify) Litigation Magistrate Judgment Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988; U.S. Const. Ams. 1, 4, and 14. VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Brief description of cause: Defendant officer's use of excessive force violated rights and caused injury. VII. REQUESTED IN CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION DEMAND \$ CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint: COMPLAINT: UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 JURY DEMAND: Yes [PLEASE REFER TO CIVIL L.R. 3-12 CONCERNING REQUIREMENT TO FILE VIII. RELATED CASE(S) "NOTICE OF RELATED CASE". IF ANY IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT (CIVIL L.R. 3-2)

AND "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

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Filed 06/17/2008

Page 2 of 22

JUN 1 7 2008

RICHARD W. WIEKING CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COLURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

ADR

COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

Plaintiff, by and through his attorneys, HADDAD & SHERWIN and LAW OFFICES

OF DONALD L. GALINE, for his Complaint against Defendants, states as follows:

Case 3:08-cv-02995-JSW

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JURISDICTION

1. This is a civil rights action arising from Defendants' unreasonable seizure and use of excessive force against Plaintiff DOUGLAS BURNS ("BURNS"), on or about April 1, 2007, in the City of Redwood City, County of San Mateo, California. This action is brought pursuant to 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, and the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 USC §§ 1331 and 1343(a)(3) and (4), and the aforementioned statutory and constitutional provisions. The amount in controversy herein, excluding interest and costs, exceeds the minimum jurisdictional limit of this Court. Plaintiff further invokes the supplemental jurisdiction of this Court pursuant to 28 USC §1367 to hear and decide claims arising under state law.

INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

 A substantial part of the events and/or omissions complained of herein occurred in San Mateo County, California, and this action is properly assigned to the San Francisco Division of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

PARTIES AND PROCEDURE

- 3. Plaintiff DOUGLAS BURNS is a resident of the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.
- 4. Defendant CITY OF REDWOOD CITY is a public entity established and maintained by the laws and Constitution of the State of California, and owns, operates, manages, directs, and controls the Redwood City Police Department ("RCPD"), and employs and/or is responsible for other defendants in this action.

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- 5. Defendant RCPD is, and at all times herein mentioned was, a municipal entity in the County of San Mateo in the State of California, and is wholly owned and operated by Defendant CITY OF REDWOOD CITY.
- 6. Defendant POLICE OFFICER JAIME MATEO, ("MATEO") at all material times was employed as a police officer by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment.
- 7. Defendant POLICE OFFICER DAVID GOUGH, ("GOUGH") at all material times was employed as a police officer by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment.
- 8. Defendant POLICE OFFICER RAMIRO PEREZ, ("PEREZ") at all material times was employed as a police officer by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment.
- 9. Defendant POLICE OFFICER STEPHEN SYSUM ("SYSUM") at all material times was employed as a police officer by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment.
- 10. Defendant POLICE OFFICER RICH HARRINGTON ("HARRINGTON") at all material times was employed as a police officer by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, and was acting within the course and scope of that employment.
- 11. The true names and capacities of Defendants sued herein as DOES 1-10 ("DOE defendants") are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names, and Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same are ascertained. Each DOE defendant was

an employee/agent of the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and the RCPD, and at all material times acted within the course and scope of that relationship.

- 12. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants sued herein was negligently, wrongfully, and otherwise responsible in some manner for the events and happenings as hereinafter described, and proximately caused injuries and damages to Plaintiff. Further, one or more DOE defendants was at all material times responsible for the hiring, training, supervision, and discipline of Defendants and other DOE Defendants.
- 13. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants was at all material times an agent, servant, employee, partner, joint venturer, co-conspirator, and/or alter ego of the remaining Defendants, and in doing the things herein alleged, was acting within the course and scope of that relationship. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants herein gave consent, aid, and assistance to each of the remaining Defendants, and ratified and/or authorized the acts or omissions of each Defendant as alleged herein, except as may be hereinafter otherwise specifically alleged.
- 14. At all material times, each Defendant was jointly engaged in tortious activity, resulting in the deprivation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights and other harm.
- 15. At all material times, each Defendant acted under color of the laws, statutes, ordinances, and regulations of the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD.
- 16. The acts and omissions of Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10 as set forth herein at all material times were pursuant to

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the actual customs, policies, practices and procedures of the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD.

17. This complaint may be pled in the alternative pursuant to FRCivP 8(e)(2).

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 18. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 19. On or about April 1, 2007, in the City of Redwood City, County of San Mateo, California, in the evening, Plaintiff BURNS, a diabetic, was at the Century 20 Theater. At that time, Plaintiff BURNS began to experience very low blood sugar levels and walked towards the theater snack bar to purchase a candy bar to stabilize his blood sugar and prevent insulin shock.
- 20. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that Mikhail Burlyga, the theater security guard, saw the disoriented Plaintiff, misunderstood the nature of Plaintiff's condition, and escorted Plaintiff away from the snack bar and out of the theater. The security guard then called 911 and requested that the police investigate.
- 21. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that outside of the theater, plaintiff went into a potentially life-threatening episode of insulin shock. His physical faculties deteriorated and he became increasingly non-responsive and dazed.
- 22. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that defendant police officers MATEO and GOUGH, arrived at the theater and confronted Plaintiff, who did not respond. When Plaintiff attempted to re-enter the theater, Defendant MATEO peppersprayed Plaintiff in the face and then Defendants MATEO and GOUGH forcibly threw Plaintiff to the ground. At that time, Plaintiff BURNS obviously was an emotionally

disturbed person as well as a disabled person with diabetes, requiring medical care for his insulin shock and special police procedures and tactics. Defendants MATEO and GOUGH failed to use appropriate procedures and tactics in their interaction with Mr. BURNS, ultimately arresting Plaintiff, using excessive and unnecessary force against Plaintiff causing great bodily injury to Plaintiff, and calling for backup.

- 23. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that while Plaintiff was on the ground, Defendants forced Plaintiff's forehead into the concrete. Defendants Gough and Mateo, and each of them, struck Plaintiff in the left rib cage area several times with a baton, and forcefully pinned Plaintiff's right arm with nunchucks.
- 24. When Defendant PEREZ arrived on the scene, Defendants MATEO and GOUGH continued to strike and restrain Plaintiff. Defendant PEREZ assisted, participated, and/or failed to intervene to protect Plaintiff from excessive force by fellow officers. Defendant PEREZ failed to use appropriate procedures and tactics in his interaction with Mr. BURNS, ultimately using excessive and unnecessary force against Plaintiff in his assistance of Defendants MATEO and GOUGH, causing great bodily injury to Plaintiff.
- 25. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that additional backup RCPD officers, Defendants SYSUM and HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10 arrived and, together with Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, and PEREZ, continued to strike and restrain Plaintiff. Defendant SYSUM also forcibly held Plaintiff's legs. Defendants, and each of them, also used control holds and other physical tactics constituting excessive force under the circumstances that on information and belief caused injury to Plaintiff. At all material times, Plaintiff's status as a disabled, diabetic, and emotionally disturbed person,

requiring medical care for diabetic shock and special police procedures and tactics, remained obvious and apparent to all defendants.

- Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that Defendants, and each of them, 26. handcuffed him, placed him under arrest, and put Plaintiff in a patrol car. Defendants then summoned the fire department and paramedics to flush the pepper spray from Plaintiff's eyes.
- 27. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that Defendant GOUGH questioned Plaintiff and recorded the questioning on a voice recorder. Despite being dazed from diabetic shock and from Defendants' severe beating, Mr. BURNS told Defendant GOUGH during questioning that he, the Plaintiff, was a diabetic.
- 28. At all times during Mr. BURNS' contact with Defendants, Plaintiff was wearing a highly visable "MedicAlert" bracelet indicating that the Plaintiff suffered from Type I diabetes. At all times during Plaintiff's contact with Defendants, Plaintiff was a disabled diabetic and emotionally disturbed person who required medical care for potentially life-threatening diabetic shock. Plaintiff never displayed any weapon or posed a substantial threat to anyone in any way. The behavior and symptoms Plaintiff exhibited during the incident were those typical of an individual suffering from diabetic insulin shock.
- 29. Mr. BURNS is informed and believes that when the paramedics arrived, they treated Plaintiff for lacerations to the nose and forehead that Defendants, through their use of unnecessary and excessive force, caused. After learning Plaintiff was diabetic, paramedics performed a simple blood test that revealed that Plaintiff's blood sugar level was only 26 mg/dL. A blood sugar level under 40mg/dL is considered a

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serious health threat and can lead to permanent brain damage, coma, or even death if left untreated. The paramedics treated Plaintiff on scene by administering a glucose infusion and transported him to the hospital for treatment of insulin shock.

- 30. Despite knowing Plaintiff's medical condition, the Defendants caused Plaintiff to be charged with assaulting a police officer (Cal. Penal Code 243(b)) and resisting arrest (Cal. Penal Code 148). Mr. BURNS was required to retain criminal counsel and face those charges in court when he was arraigned on May 2, 2007. Prosecutors later dismissed the charges against Plaintiff on May 30, 2007 for lack of evidence.
- 31. The force used by Defendants against Plaintiff was unjustified and objectively unreasonable under the circumstances.
- 32. Defendants' seizure of Plaintiff was done without probable cause, reasonable suspicion, or other legal right, lasted an excessive amount of time, and was conducted unreasonably.
- 33. Alternatively, or concurrently, Defendants' own excessive and unreasonable actions created the situation in which Defendants decided to use force against Plaintiff, and caused an escalation of events leading to their use of force against and injury to Plaintiff BURNS.
- 34. Defendants' unreasonable seizure and use of excessive force against Plaintiff was done at least in part because of Plaintiff's disability (diabetes) and status as an emotionally disturbed person.
- 35. At all material times, and alternatively, the actions and omissions of each defendant were intentional, wanton and/or willful, conscience shocking, reckless,

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36. Since that day, Plaintiff has required continuing medical treatment for his injuries caused by Defendants. Plaintiff has incurred substantial medical bills.

malicious, deliberately indifferent to Plaintiff's rights, done with actual malice, grossly

- As a direct and proximate result of each Defendant's acts and/or omissions 37. as set forth above, Plaintiff sustained the following injuries and damages, past and future. among others:
 - Severe physical injuries requiring medical treatment, including but a. not limited to lacerations to his face, injuries to his rib cage, right shoulder, neck and both hands, and exacerbation of his underlying diabetic condition, and injury to his nervous system;
 - Wrongful seizure and imprisonment; b.
 - Failure to accommodate his diabetic disability and discrimination; C.
 - Pain and suffering, including emotional distress; d.
 - Medical expenses; e.

negligent, negligent, and objectively unreasonable.

- f. Violation of constitutional rights;
- Lost Earnings; g.
- Economic losses from arrest and prosecution including attorney's h. fees and costs;
- i. Harm to Reputation;
- j. All damages and penalties recoverable under 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, and as otherwise allowed under California and United States statutes, codes, and common law.
- 38. Plaintiff filed a timely claim with Defendant CITY OF REDWOOD CITY pursuant to California Government Code § 910 et seq. on July 25, 2007. Defendant CITY OF REDWOOD CITY rejected that claim on August 30, 2007.

COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

COUNT ONE -- 42 USC §1983 --

DEFENDANTS MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON AND DOES 1-10

- 39. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 40. By the actions and omissions described above, Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10 violated 42 USC §1983, depriving Plaintiff of the following clearly-established and well-settled constitutional rights protected by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to U.S. Constitution:
 - a. The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - b. The right to be free from excessive and unreasonable force in the course of arrest or detention as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments.
 - c. The right to be free from malicious prosecution as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments.
- 41. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts and/or omissions as set forth above, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages as set forth at paragraph 37, above.
- 42. Defendants subjected Plaintiff to their wrongful conduct, depriving Plaintiff of rights described herein, knowingly, maliciously, and with conscious and reckless disregard for whether the rights and safety of Plaintiff and others would be violated by their acts and/or omissions.

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The conduct of Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, 43. HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10 entitles Plaintiff to punitive damages and penalties allowable under 42 USC §1983 and California law.

44. Plaintiff is also entitled to reasonable costs and attorney fees under 42 USC §1988 and applicable California codes and law.

COUNT TWO

- 42 USC §1983 – Supervisory and Municipal Liability DEFENDANTS CITY OF REDWOOD CITY, REDWOOD CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT AND DOES 1-10

- 45. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 46. On information and belief, the unconstitutional actions and/or omissions of Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10, as well as other officers employed by or acting on behalf of Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and RCPD, were pursuant to the following customs, policies, practices, and/or procedures of the RCPD, stated in the alternative, which were directed, encouraged, allowed, and/or ratified by policy making officers for the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and the RCPD:
 - To use or tolerate the use of excessive and/or unjustified force, a. including in the use of batons, defensive tactics, and application of control holds during the seizure of a person;
 - b. To engage in or tolerate unreasonable seizures;
 - To fail to use appropriate and generally accepted law enforcement C. procedures in handling emotionally disturbed persons and persons in diabetic emergencies;

- d. To fail to institute, require, and enforce proper and adequate training, supervision, policies, and procedures concerning handling emotionally disturbed persons and persons having diabetic emergencies:
- To cover-up violations of constitutional rights by any or all of the e. following:
 - i. by failing to properly investigate and/or evaluate complaints or incidents of unlawful seizures, excessive force, and/or handling of emotionally disturbed persons and persons having diabetic emergencies;
 - ii. by ignoring and/or failing to properly and adequately investigate and discipline unconstitutional or unlawful police activity; and
 - iii. by allowing, tolerating, and/or encouraging police officers to: fail to file complete and accurate police reports; file false police reports; make false statements; intimidate, bias and/or "coach" witnesses to give false information and/or to attempt to bolster officers' stories; and/or obstruct or interfere with investigations of unconstitutional or unlawful police conduct, by withholding and/or concealing material information;
- f. To allow, tolerate, and/or encourage a "code of silence" among law enforcement officers and police department personnel, whereby an officer or member of the department does not provide adverse information against a fellow officer or member of the department or hold another member accountable for official misconduct; and,
- To use or tolerate inadequate, deficient, and improper procedures for g. handling, investigating, and reviewing complaints of officer misconduct, including claims made under California Government Code § 910 et seq.
- Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY, RCPD, and DOES 1-10 failed to 47. properly hire, train, instruct, monitor, supervise, evaluate, investigate, and discipline Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10, and other law enforcement personnel, with deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's Constitutional rights, which were thereby violated as described above.

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48. The unconstitutional actions and/or omissions of Defendants MATEO. GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10, and other law enforcement personnel, as described above, were approved, tolerated and/or ratified policy making officers for the RCPD. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, the details of this incident have been revealed to the authorized policy makers within the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and the RCPD, and that such policy makers have direct knowledge of the facts of this incident. Notwithstanding this knowledge, the authorized policy makers within the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and the RCPD have approved of the conduct of Defendants MATEO, GOUGH, PEREZ, SYSUM, HARRINGTON and DOES 1-10, and other Police Department personnel, and have made a deliberate choice to endorse the decisions of those defendant officers and the basis for those decisions. By so doing, the authorized policy makers within the CITY OF REDWOOD CITY and the RCPD have shown affirmative agreement with the individual defendant officers' actions, and have ratified the unconstitutional acts of the individual defendant officers.

- 49. The aforementioned customs, policies, practices, and procedures, the failures to properly and adequately hire, train, instruct, monitor, supervise, evaluate, investigate, and discipline, as well as the unconstitutional orders, approvals, ratification and toleration of wrongful conduct by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY, RCPD. and DOES 1-10, were a moving force and/or a proximate cause of the deprivations of Plaintiff's clearly-established and well-settled constitutional rights in violation of 42 USC §1983, as more fully set forth in Paragraph 40, above.
- 50. Defendants subjected Plaintiff to their wrongful conduct, depriving Plaintiff of rights described herein, knowingly, maliciously, and with conscious and reckless

disregard for whether the rights and safety of Plaintiff and others would be violated by their acts and/or omissions.

51. As a direct and proximate result of the unconstitutional actions, omissions, customs, policies, practices and procedures of Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY, RCPD, and DOES 1-10, as described above, Plaintiff sustained serious injury and is entitled to damages, penalties, costs and attorney fees as set forth in paragraphs 40-44, above, and punitive damages against DOES 1-10 in their individual capacities.

COUNT THREE -- VIOLATION OF CIVIL CODE §52.1 -ALL DEFENDANTS

- 52. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 53. By their acts, omissions, customs, and policies, each Defendant acting in concert/conspiracy, as described above, violated Plaintiff's rights under California Civil Code §52.1, and the following clearly-established rights under the United States Constitution and the California Constitution:
 - The right to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - The right to be free from excessive and unreasonable force in the course of arrest or detention as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - The right to be free from malicious prosecution as secured by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments;
 - d. The right to enjoy and defend life and liberty, acquire, possess and protect property, and pursue and obtain safety, happiness and privacy, as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 1;

- The right to be free from unlawful and unreasonable seizure of one's person as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 13;
- f. The right to be free from unreasonable or excessive force, as secured by the California Constitution, Article 1, Section 13;
- g. The right to protection from bodily restraint, harm, or personal insult, as secured by Civil Code § 43.
- 54. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violation of California Civil Code §52.1 and of Plaintiff's rights under the United States and California Constitutions and statutes, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages, and is entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 41-44, and all damages allowed by California Civil Code §§52, 52.1, and California law, not limited to costs, attorneys fees, treble damages, and civil penalties.

COUNT FOUR -- VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §51.7 --**ALL DEFENDANTS**

- 55. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 56. By their acts, omissions, customs, and policies, each Defendant acting in concert/conspiracy, as described above, violated Plaintiff's rights secured by California Civil Code §51.7 to be free from any violence, or intimidation by threat of violence, committed against his person or property because of his physical disability.
- 57. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' violation of California Civil Code §51.7, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages, and is entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 41-44, and all damages allowed by California Civil Code §§52, 51.7, and California law, not limited to attorney fees, costs, treble damages, and civil penalties.

COUNT FIVE

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-- NEGLIGENCE; PERSONAL INJURIES -- ALL DEFENDANTS

- 58. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 59. At all times, each Defendant owed Plaintiff the duty to act with due care in the execution and enforcement of any right, law, or legal obligation.
- 60. At all times, each Defendant owed Plaintiff the duty to act with reasonable care.
- 61. These general duties of reasonable care and due care owed to Plaintiff by all Defendants include but are not limited to the following specific obligations:
 - a. to refrain from using excessive and/or unreasonable force against Plaintiff;
 - b. to refrain from wrongfully arresting and/or detaining Plaintiff;
 - to use generally accepted police procedures and tactics that are reasonable and appropriate for Plaintiff's status as an emotionally disturbed person;
 - to use generally accepted police procedures and tactics that are reasonable and appropriate in assessing Plaintiff's status as a person in a diabetic emergency;
 - e. to refrain from abusing their authority granted them by law;
 - f. to refrain from violating Plaintiff's rights guaranteed by the United States and California Constitutions, as set forth above, and as otherwise protected by law.
- 62. Additionally, these general duties of reasonable care and due care owed to Plaintiffs by Defendants CITY OF REDWOOD CITY, RCPD, and DOES 1-10, include but are not limited to the following specific obligations:
 - a. to properly and adequately hire, investigate, train, supervise, monitor and discipline their employees, agents, and/or SJPD officers to

ensure that those employees/agents/officers act at all times in the public interest and in conformance with law;

- to make, enforce, and at all times act in conformance with policies and customs that are lawful and protective of individual rights, including Plaintiff's;
- c. to refrain from making, enforcing, and/or tolerating the wrongful policies and customs set forth at paragraph 46, above.
- 63. Defendants, through their acts and omissions, breached each and every one of the aforementioned duties owed to Plaintiff.
- 64. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages, and is entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 41-44.

COUNT SIX -- ASSAULT AND BATTERY --ALL DEFENDANTS

- 65. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 66. The actions and omissions of Defendants as set forth above constitute assault and battery.
- 67. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' assault and battery of Plaintiff, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages, and is entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 41-44.

COUNT SEVEN -- INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS -ALL DEFENDANTS

68. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.

69. In addition to Plaintiff's medical and physical distress, Plaintiff has suffered severe emotional distress proximately caused by the Defendants' extreme and outrageous conduct, as set forth above. Defendants engaged in the aforementioned conduct with a wanton and reckless disregard of the prospect of causing Plaintiff emotional distress and with knowledge that Plaintiff's severe emotional distress would increase as a result.

70. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' intentional infliction of emotional distress on the Plaintiff, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages, and is entitled to relief as set forth above at ¶¶ 41-44.

COUNT EIGHT -- FALSE ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT -ALL DEFENDANTS

- 71. Plaintiff realleges each and every paragraph in this complaint as if fully set forth here.
- 72. At no time during the events described above, and at all other pertinent times, did Defendants have a warrant for the arrest of Plaintiff, nor did Defendants have any facts or information that constituted probable cause that Plaintiff had committed or was about to commit a crime.
- 73. Defendants, and each of them, intentionally and unlawfully exercised force to restrain, detain, and confine Plaintiff, putting restraint on Plaintiff freedom of movement, and compelled Plaintiff to remain and/or move against his will. Defendants authorized, directed, and assisted in procuring, without process, Plaintiff's unlawful arrest.

74. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' acts and/or omissions as set forth above, Plaintiff sustained injuries and damages and is entitled to relief as set forth at ¶¶ 41-44 above.

every Defendant herein, jointly and severally:

compensatory and exemplary damages in an amount according to a. proof and which is fair, just and reasonable;

b. punitive damages under 42 USC §1983 and California law in an amount according to proof and which is fair, just, and reasonable;

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests the following relief against each and

all other damages, penalties, costs, interest, and attorney fees as C. allowed by 42 USC §§ 1983 and 1988, Cal. Civil Code §§ 52 et seg., 52.1, 51.7, Cal. Code of Civ. Proc. 1021.5, and as otherwise may be allowed by California and/or federal law;

d. Injunctive relief, including but not limited to the following:

> i. an order prohibiting Defendants and their police officers from unlawfully interfering with the rights of Plaintiff and others to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures and excessive and unreasonable force:

ii. an order requiring Defendants to institute and enforce appropriate and lawful policies and procedures for handling emotionally disturbed persons and persons having diabetic emergencies, including in the seizure and use of force against such persons;

iii. an order prohibiting Defendants and their police officers from engaging in the "code of silence" as may be supported by the evidence in this case;

ίv. an order requiring Defendants to train all RCPD Officers concerning generally accepted and proper tactics and procedures for handling

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury.

DATED: June 17, 2008 HADDAD & SHERWIN

MICHAEL J. HADDAD Attorneys for Plaintiff